MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY



Anti-Ubiquitin⁺¹ (40B3)

Background : Ubiquitin⁺¹ (Ub⁺¹) is a novel mutant form of ubiquitin that can be produced through a process known as molecular frameshift. Ub⁺¹ can be polyubiquitinated to produce aberrant polyubiquitin chains that inhibit the 26S proteasome. Especially ub⁺¹ is accumulated in aggregates containing amyloid-beta and phosphorylated-tau. Elevated expression of Ub⁺¹ mRNA and protein has been observed in the brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease. Also ub ⁺¹ acts as an aggravating factor in polyglutamine-induced neuro-degeneration.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide (KLH coupled) corresponding to C-terminal residues of human Ubiquitin ⁺¹.

Host: Mouse

Clone number: 40B3

Isotype: IgG1, k

Size: 100ul

Composition: PBS containing 50% glycerol

Positive control: Bosc23 cell lysate

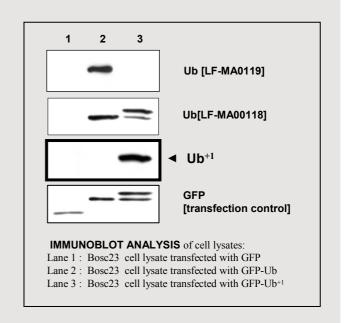
transfected with GFP-Ub +1

Storage : Store for 1 year at -20°C from date

of shipment

Species cross reactivity

Human Mouse Rat
+ NT NT



Applications:

Western Blotting (1:500-1000) Immunoprecipitation (1-2ul/400ul cell lysates)

Background Reference:

- 1) Van Leeuwen, F.W. et al. (1998) *Science*, **279**, 242-247
- 2) Van Leeuwen, F.W. et al. (1998) *Trends Neurosci.* **21**(8), 331-335

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